Subpart 7.4 - Equipment Acquisition

Parent topic: Part 7 - Acquisition Planning

7.400 Scope of subpart.

This subpart—

- (a)Implements section 555 of the FAA (Federal Aviation Administration) Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Pub. L. 115-254);
- (b)Provides guidance when acquiring equipment and more than one method of *acquisition* is available for use; and
- (c)Applies to both the initial *acquisition* of equipment and the renewal or extension of existing equipment leases or rental agreements.

7.401 Acquisition considerations.

(a)

- (1)Agencies *shall* acquire equipment using the method of *acquisition* most advantageous to the Government based on a case-by-case analysis of comparative costs and other factors in accordance with this subpart and agency procedures.
- (2) The methods of acquisition to be compared in the analysis shall include, at a minimum—
- (i)Purchase;
- (ii)Short-term rental or lease;
- (iii)Long-term rental or lease;
- (iv) Interagency acquisition (see 2.101); and
- (v)Agency acquisition agreements, if applicable, with a State or local government.

(b)

- (1) The factors to be compared in the analysis *shall* include, at a minimum:
- (i)Estimated length of the period the equipment is to be used and the extent of use within that period;
- (ii) Financial and operating advantages of alternative types and makes of equipment;
- (iii)Cumulative rent, lease, or other periodic payments, however described, for the estimated period of use;

- (iv)Net purchase price;
- (v)Transportation, installation, and storage costs;
- (vi)Maintenance, repair, and other service costs; and
- (vii)Potential obsolescence of the equipment because of imminent technological improvements.
- (2) The following additional factors *should* be considered, as appropriate, depending on the type, cost, complexity, and estimated period of use of the equipment:
- (i) Availability of purchase options.
- (ii)Cancellation, extension, and early return conditions and fees.
- (iii)Ability to swap out or exchange equipment.
- (iv)Available warranties.
- (v) *Insurance*, environmental, or licensing requirements.
- (vi)Potential for use of the equipment by other agencies after its use by the acquiring agency is ended.
- (vii)Trade-in or salvage value.
- (viii)Imputed interest.
- (ix) Availability of a servicing capability, especially for highly complex equipment; e.g., can the equipment be serviced by the Government or other sources if it is purchased?
- (c) The analysis in paragraph (a) is not required—
- (1)When the President has issued an *emergency* declaration or a *major disaster* declaration pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and *Emergency* Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.);
- (2)In other *emergency* situations if the *agency head* makes a determination that obtaining such equipment is necessary in order to protect human life or property; or
- (3)When otherwise authorized by law.

7.402 Acquisition methods.

- (a) Purchase method.
- (1) Generally, the purchase method is appropriate if the equipment will be used beyond the point in time when cumulative rental or leasing costs exceed the purchase costs.
- (2) Agencies *should* not rule out the purchase method of equipment *acquisition* in favor of renting or leasing merely because of the possibility that future technological advances might make the selected equipment less desirable.

- (b) Rent or lease method.
- (1) The rent or lease method is appropriate if it is to the Government's advantage under the circumstances. The rent or lease method *may* also serve as a short-term measure when the circumstances—
- (i) Require immediate use of equipment to meet program or system goals; but
- (ii) Do not currently support acquisition by purchase.
- (2) If a rent or lease method is justified, a rental or lease agreement with *option* to purchase is preferable.
- (3) Generally, a long term rental or lease agreement *should* be avoided, but *may* be appropriate if an *option* to purchase or other favorable terms are included.
- (4) If a rental or lease agreement with *option* to purchase is used, the contract *shall* state the purchase price or provide a formula which shows how the purchase price will be established at the time of purchase.

7.403 General Services Administration assistance and OMB guidance.

- (a) When requested by an agency, the General Services Administration (GSA) will assist in rent, lease, or purchase decisions by providing information such as-
- (1) Pending price adjustments to Federal Supply Schedule contracts;
- (2) Recent or imminent technological developments;
- (3) New techniques; and
- (4) Industry or market trends.
- (b) For additional GSA assistance and guidance, agencies may—
- (1)Request information from the GSA FAS National Customer Service Center by phone at 1-800-488-3111 or by email at ncsccustomer.service@gsa.gov; and
- (2)See GSA website, Schedule 51 V Hardware Superstore-Equipment Rental, (https://www.gsa.gov/buying-selling/products-services/industrial-products-services/rental-of-industrial-equipment).
- (c) For additional OMB guidance, see—
- (1)Section 13, Special Guidance for Lease-Purchase Analysis, and paragraph 8.c.(2), Lease-Purchase Analysis, of OMB Circular A-94, Guidelines and Discount Rates for Benefit-Cost Analysis of Federal Programs,

 $(\underline{https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/legacy_drupal_files/omb/circulars/A94/a094.pdf}); and$

(2)Appendix B, Budgetary Treatment of Lease-Purchases and Leases of Capital Assets, of OMB Circular A-11, Preparation, Submission, and Execution of the Budget, (https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/app b.pdf).

7.404 Contract clause.

The contracting officer shall insert a clause substantially the same as the clause in <u>52.207-5</u>, Option to Purchase Equipment, in solicitations and contracts involving a rental or lease agreement with option to purchase.